
	14. Oligodendroglioma: 1p 19q deletion & survival	Editar	Mostrar	
	15. Astrocytoma & oligodendroglioma progressive malignancy with mutations	Editar	Mostrar	
	16. A 51-year-old patient, with a history of drug abuse in his youth, presented with headache accompanied by a feeling of mental dullness and clumsiness in his movements. He underwent a brain MRI with contrast, which image we show here. What i...	Editar	Mostrar	
	17. Primary brain lymphoma	Editar	Mostrar	
	18. Which treatment option is the most appropriate?	Editar	Mostrar	
	19. Brain lymphoma and corticosteroids	Editar	Mostrar	
	20. A 42-year-old woman has been complaining of a headache for a month. She says that she has had a migraine since she was a teenager, but that this is a different headache. Shown is her unenhanced T1 brain MRI image. What is the diagnostic you...	Editar	Mostrar	
	21. Upon receiving the news that the spectroscopy indicates that it is a low-grade glioma, she decides to wait to see the evolution. What can we tell him?	Editar	Mostrar	
	22. Four years later, the follow-up MRI shows signs of malignancy. What is the life expectancy now after treatment with surgery with removal as complete as possible, radio and chemotherapy?	Editar	Mostrar	
	23. Glioblastoma Multiforme: pathways of origin	Editar	Mostrar	
	24. A 57-year-old man presented with a severe headache that had been going on for three months, accompanied by general malaise, fatigue, and weight loss. He is bedridden because he has not been able to stand up for fifteen days and has needed t...	Editar	Mostrar	
	25. Karnofsky scale & mean survival	Editar	Mostrar	
	26. If the previous patient had consulted before, when he was in good general condition and could take care of himself, what would have been the first indication for treatment?	Editar	Mostrar	
	27. Brain metastases: treatment indications according to number of metastases	Editar	Mostrar	
	28. A 12-year-old boy reports a headache that has been going on for a month, accompanied by nausea and vomiting. His parents report that he seems distracted and has a short attention span. The image of his axial brain MRI with T1 series gadolinium...	Editar	Mostrar	
	29. Pilocytic astrocytoma	Editar	Mostrar	

Interacciones Mensajes Al ritmo de los participantes

Participar a: app.wooclap.com/CFHFBJ

⚙️ Configuraciones

➡ Comparin

+ Añadir presentación

	 44. Pituitary tumors	Editar Mostrar
	 45. What should be the first step of treatment?	Editar Mostrar

46. A 38-year-old woman presents with amenorrhea and galactorrhea. She undergoes a brain MRI, the image of which is shown to her. What is the most likely type of tumor?	Editar	Mostrar
47. What is the first therapeutic option to recommend?	Editar	Mostrar
48. The woman wants to be a mother. What can we tell you about her pregnancy options taking into account that she has a pituitary tumor?	Editar	Mostrar
49. A 43-year-old woman presents with hearing loss in her right ear. She provides the MRI image of her. What is the most likely diagnosis?	Editar	Mostrar
50. Vestibular schwannoma: symptoms	Editar	Mostrar
51. Given the age of the patient and the size of the tumor, what would be the most recommended therapeutic option?	Editar	Mostrar
52. Vestibular schwannoma: treatment	Editar	Mostrar
53. A 56-year-old man presents with a headache and clumsiness in his right upper limb. The image of his brain MRI is provided. What is the diagnostic suspicion?	Editar	Mostrar
54. The tumor is removed completely, leaving a small remnant attached to the superior sagittal sinus, which coagulates with bipolar coagulation. The pathological diagnosis is anaplastic meningioma. What is the forecast you would convey?	Editar	Mostrar
55. Meningioma: degree of superior sagittal sinus invasion	Editar	Mostrar
56. Meningioma: dural tail	Editar	Mostrar
57. This patient's anaplastic meningioma recurred after a year and a half and he underwent surgery again. This time the superior sagittal sinus is removed to expand the resection margin. The patient presents right hemiparesis in the postoperative peri...	Editar	Mostrar
58. Normal vs malignant meningioma	Editar	Mostrar
59. After a year, he begins to feel tired and short of breath. What diagnostic test would you request?	Editar	Mostrar
60. The result of the PET is provided. What is the diagnostic suspicion?	Editar	Mostrar
61. A 56-year-old woman with morbid obesity presents with a headache accompanied by loss of strength in the left side of her body. She received her brain MRI with contrast in sagittal and axial projections. What is the diagnostic suspicion?	Editar	Mostrar
62. What would be the treatment option that you would recommend?	Editar	Mostrar

