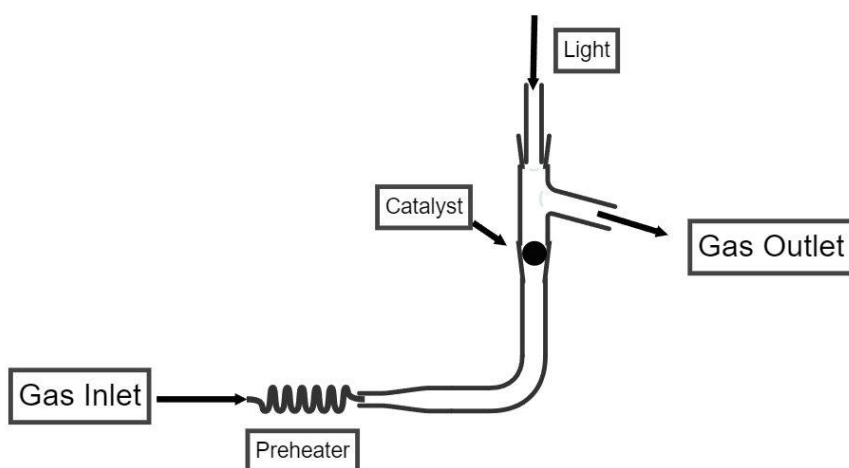


SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Correlation between fringe spacing in TEM and 2θ value of diffraction peaks in XRD. The relationship between lattice spacings seen in TEM and characteristic reflections in XRD patterns was determined by using Bragg's law:

$$n\lambda = 2d \sin \theta$$

where n is a natural number, λ is the x-ray radiation wavelength ($\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ \AA}$), d is the lattice spacing seen in TEM images and θ is the diffraction angle in degrees, whose value multiplied by 2 appears in the XRD patterns.



Scheme S1. Reactor setup for photo-assisted CO₂ hydrogenation.

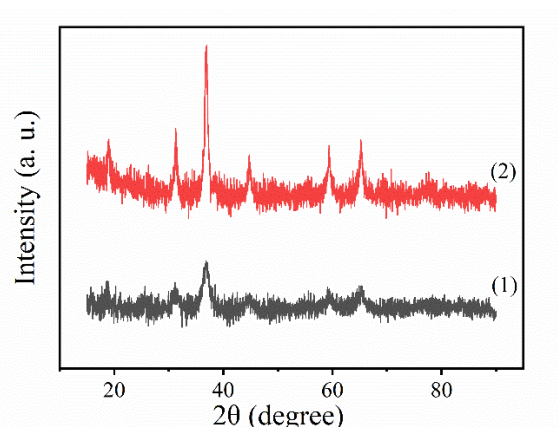


Figure S1. XRD pattern of CoTiAl-FLc (1) and CoTi-MO (2).

Table S1. Cationic ratios of reference samples CoTiAl-FLc and CoTi-MO obtained by EDX.

	MATERIAL	
	CoTiAl-FLc	CoTi-MO
Co (%)	65.5	62.2
Ti (%)	16.5	37.8
Al (%)	18.0	/
Metal Ratio	2:0.5:0.5	1.6:1

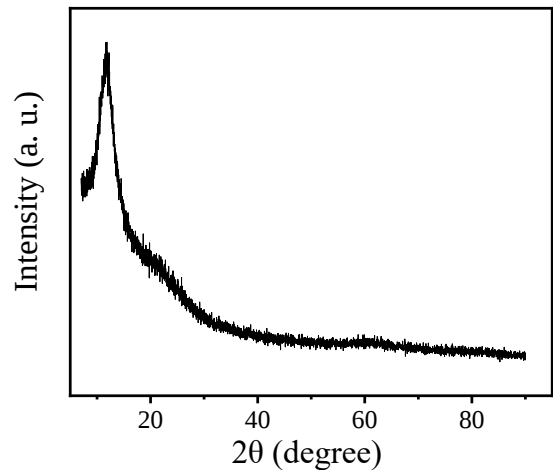


Figure S2. XRD pattern of CoTiAl-LDH intermediate originated at short synthesis times (2h).

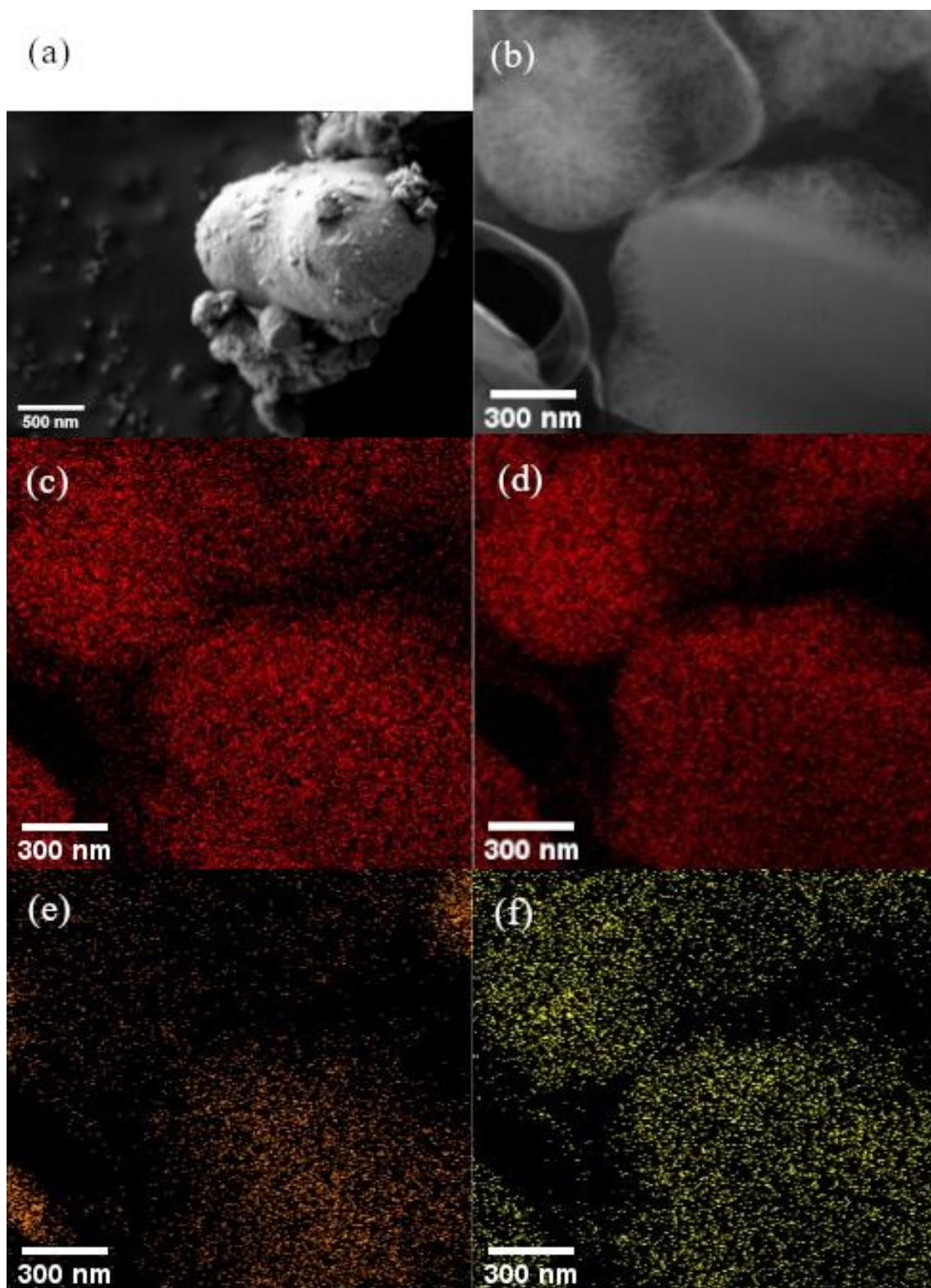


Figure S3. SEM image of CoTiAl-LDH intermediate (a) after 2h of synthesis. STEM image (b) and elemental mapping for O (c), Co (d), Ti (e) and Al (f) of CoTiAl-MO lamellar cross-sections.

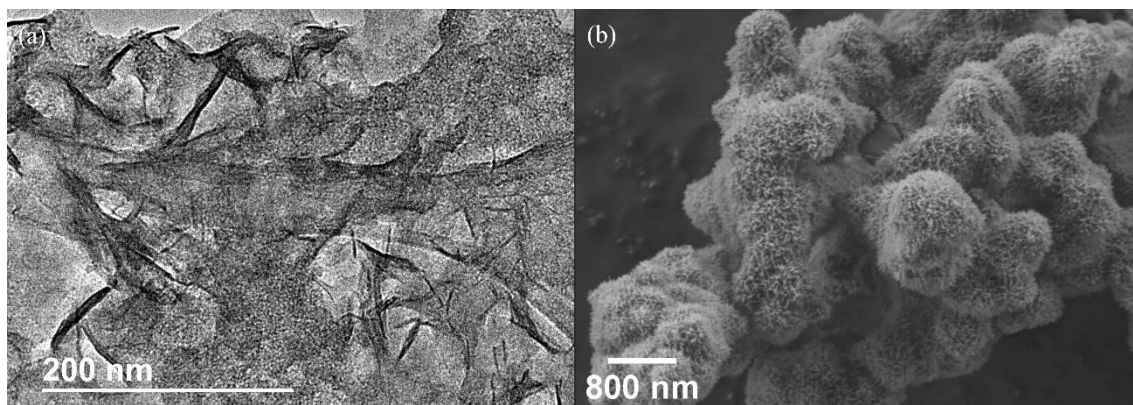


Figure S4. TEM image of CoTiAl-FLc (a). SEM image of CoTi-MO (b).

Table S2. Cationic ratios present in CoTiAl-LDH at different synthesis times obtained by EDX analysis.

Time (h)	% Co	% Ti	% Al
2	4.4	82.5	13.1
24	62.0	19.4	18.6

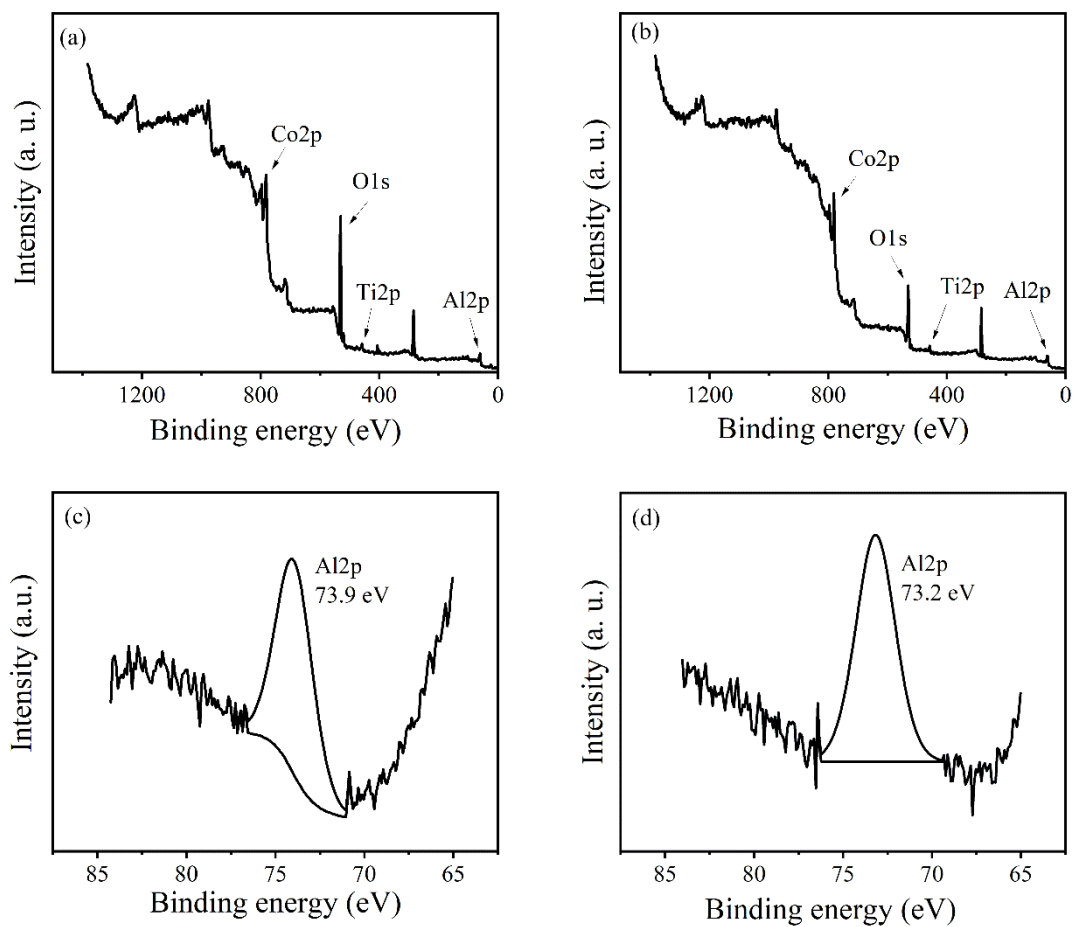


Figure S5. Survey XPS spectra of CoTiAl-LDH (a) and CoTiAl-MO (b). Al2p XPS spectra of CoTiAl-LDH (c) and CoTiAl-MO (d).

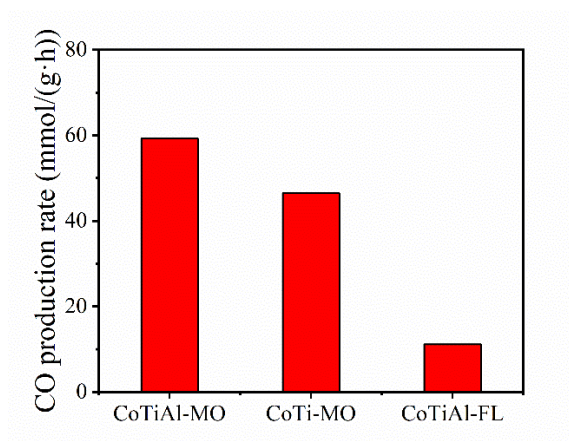


Figure S6. CO production rate over CoTiAl-MO and the reference materials prepared in this work. Reaction conditions: CO₂ + H₂ flow (1:1 ratio, 13 ml/min), T: 200 °C, UV-Vis irradiation (108 mW/cm²), 50 mg photocatalyst.

Table S3. State of the art for photo-assisted CO₂ hydrogenation both in batch and flow conditions.

Catalyst	Reaction conditions	Light Source	Production (mmol·g ⁻¹ ·h ⁻¹)	Selectivity (%)	Ref.
In ₂ O _{3-x} nanosheets	Batch No external heating 0.1 MPa	300 W Xe lamp	103.21 (CO)	~100	[1]
In ₂ O ₃ /In ₂ O _{3-x}	Batch No external heating 0.2 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (2 W/cm ²)	23.87 (CO)	100	[2]
In ₂ O _{3-x} (OH) _y / TiN@TiO ₂ NT	Batch No external heating 0.12 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (1 W/cm ²)	81.1 (CO)	99.7	[3]
FeO-CeO ₂	Batch No external heating 0.18 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (2.2 W/cm ²)	19.61 (CO)	99.87	[4]
Ru@FL-LDHs	Flow No external heating 0.1 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (1 W/cm ²)	277 (CH ₄)	99.3	[5]
Ru/TiO ₂	Flow 300 °C 0.1 MPa	500 W Solar Simulator (0.1 W/cm ²)	69.49 (CH ₄)	100	[6]
Rh/Al nanoantenna	Batch 200 °C 1.5 MPa	Solar simulator (11.3 W/cm ²)	550 (CH ₄)	100	[7]
Rh/TiO ₂	Flow 250 °C 0.1 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (2.7 W/cm ²)	20.6 (CO)	100	[8]
Co ₁₅ HAP	Flow 400 °C 0.1 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (0.1 W/cm ²)	62 (CO)	83	[9]
CoTiAl-MO	Flow 200 °C 0.1 MPa	300 W Xe lamp (0.1 W/cm²)	59.28 (CO), 23.52 (CH₄)	71.6 (CO), 28.4 (CH₄)	This work

Table S4. Apparent activation energy values for CO₂ hydrogenation over CoTiAl-MO catalyst in the dark and under irradiation. Reaction order for CO₂ and H₂ under the same conditions are also listed. Reaction conditions: CO₂ + H₂ flow (1:1 ratio, 13 ml/min), 200 °C, UV-vis irradiation (108 mW/cm²), 50 mg photocatalyst.

		CO	CH ₄	CO ₂	H ₂
Activation Energy (kJ/mol)	Dark	66.065	62.218	/	/
	Light	14.395	9.435	/	/
Reaction Order	Dark	/	/	1.27	0.83
	Light	/	/	1.19	0.68

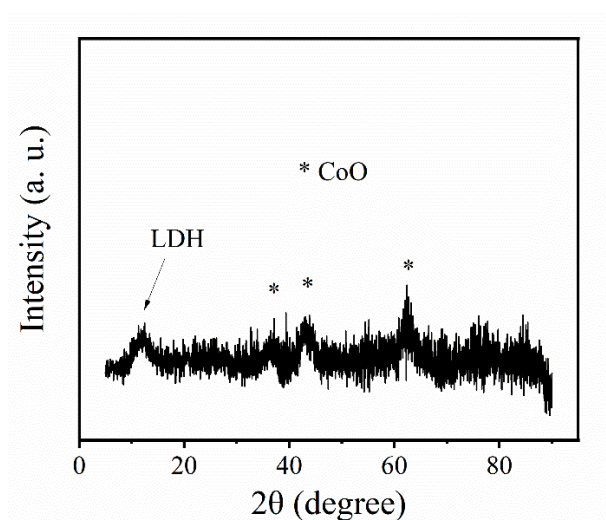


Figure S7. XRD pattern of CoTiAl-MO after 108 h photocatalytic test.

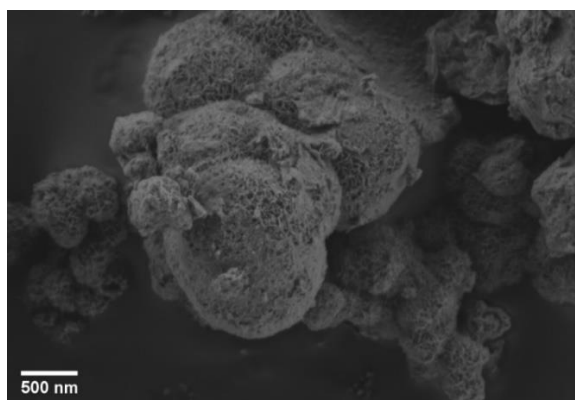


Figure S8. SEM image of CoTiAl-MO after 108 h photocatalytic test.

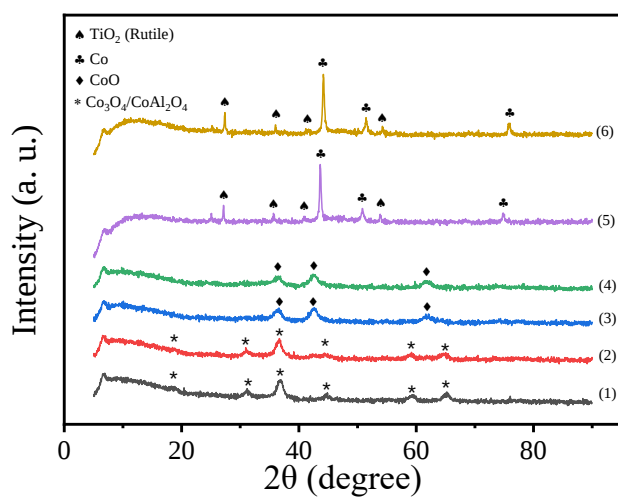


Figure S9. XRD profiles of CoTiAl-MO obtained under H₂ atmosphere at 25 °C (1), 200 °C (2), 300 °C (3), 400 °C (4), 800 °C (5) and after cooling down to room temperature (6).

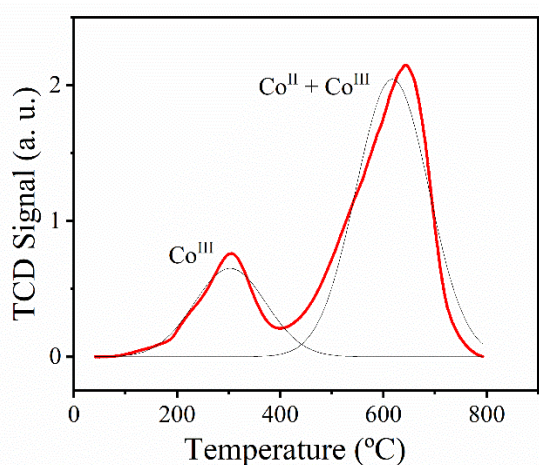


Figure S10. H₂-TPR profile of CoTiAl-MO.

Table S5. Cationic % of Co^{II} and Co^{III} in sample estimated from H₂-TPR data.

	TPR area	Cationic % in sample
Co ^{II}	65.5	23.0
Co ^{III}	113.8	40.0
Co ^{II} +Co ^{III}	179.3	63.0

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